



## A Container Is Based On An Image

Container Layer (read-write)

Container Read-write

Instruction #3: Image Layer 3

**Instruction** #2: Image Layer 2

**Instruction** #1: Image Layer 1

**Image** Read-only



#### **Understanding Volumes**

Volumes are **folders on your host machine** hard drive which are **mounted** ("made available", mapped) **into containers** 



Volumes **persist if a container shuts down**. If a container (re-)starts and mounts a volume, any data inside of that volume is **available in the container**.

A container **can write** data into a volume **and read** data from it.



## Two Types of External Data Storages



## Understanding Container / Volume Interaction

ACADE





## Volumes & Bind Mounts – Quick Overview



# Volumes – Comparison

ACADE MIND

Anonymous Volumes	Named Volumes	Bind Mounts
Created specifically for a single container	Created in general – not tied to any specific container	Location on host file system, not tied to any specific container
Survives container shutdown / restart unless rm is used	Survives container shutdown / restart – removal via Docker CLI	Survives container shutdown / restart – removal on host fs
Can not be shared across containers	Can be shared across containers	Can be shared across containers
Since it's anonymous, it can't be re-used (even on same image)	Can be re-used for same container (across restarts)	Can be re-used for same container (across restarts)





### Module Summary

Containers can read + write data. **Volumes** can help with data storage, **Bind Mounts** can help with direct container interaction.

**Containers can read + write data**, but written **data is lost** if the container is removed

Named Volumes survive container removal and can therefore be used to store persistent data

Bind Mounts are folders on the host machine which are specified by the user and mounted into containers – like Named Volumes **Volumes** are folders on the host machine, managed by Docker, which are mounted into the Container

Anonymous Volumes are attached to a container – they can be used to save (temporary) data inside the container

Build ARGuments and Runtime ENVironment variables can be used to make images and containers more dynamic / configurable



### Read-Only, Read-Write & Volumes

